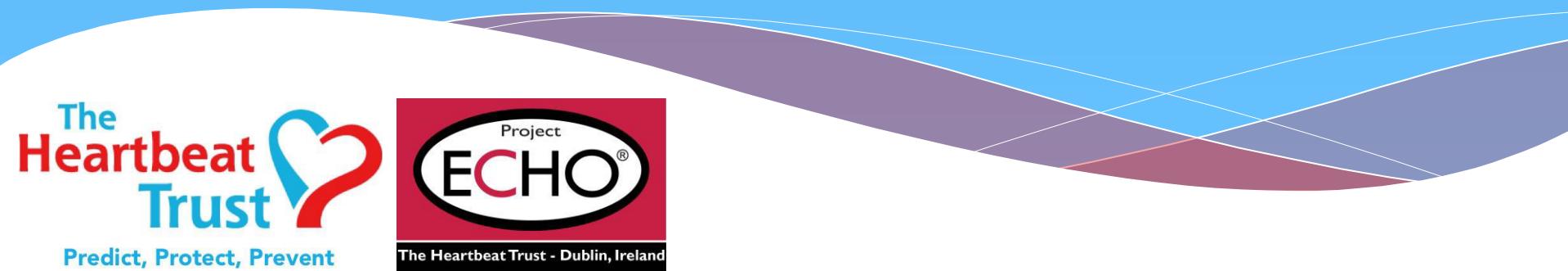
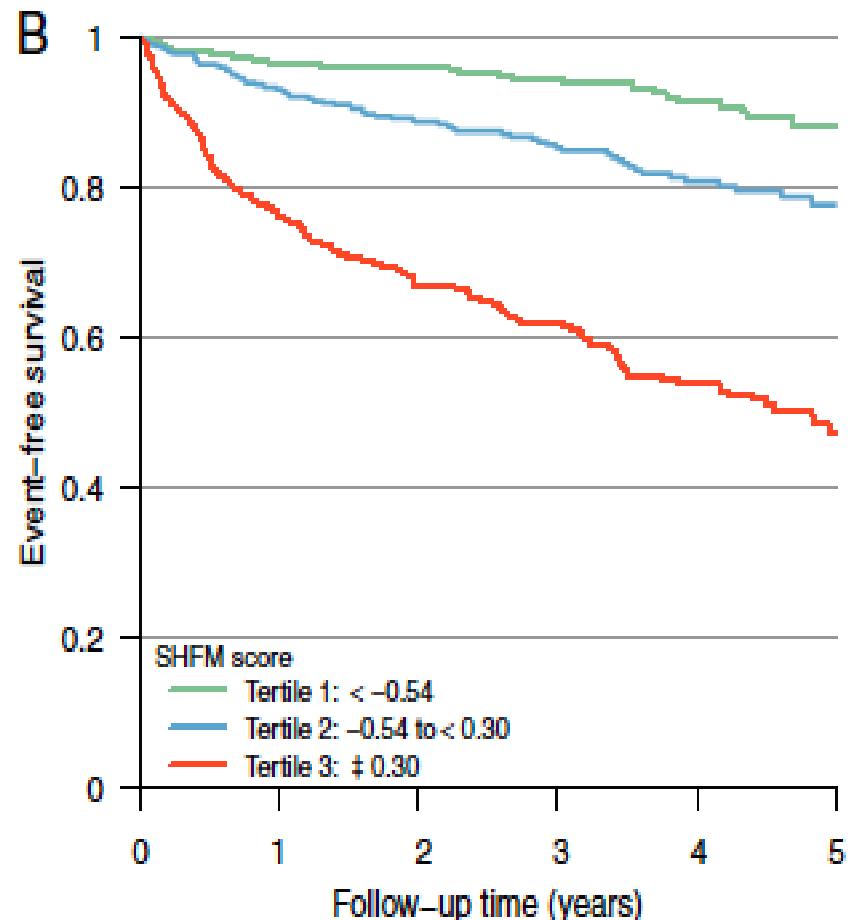
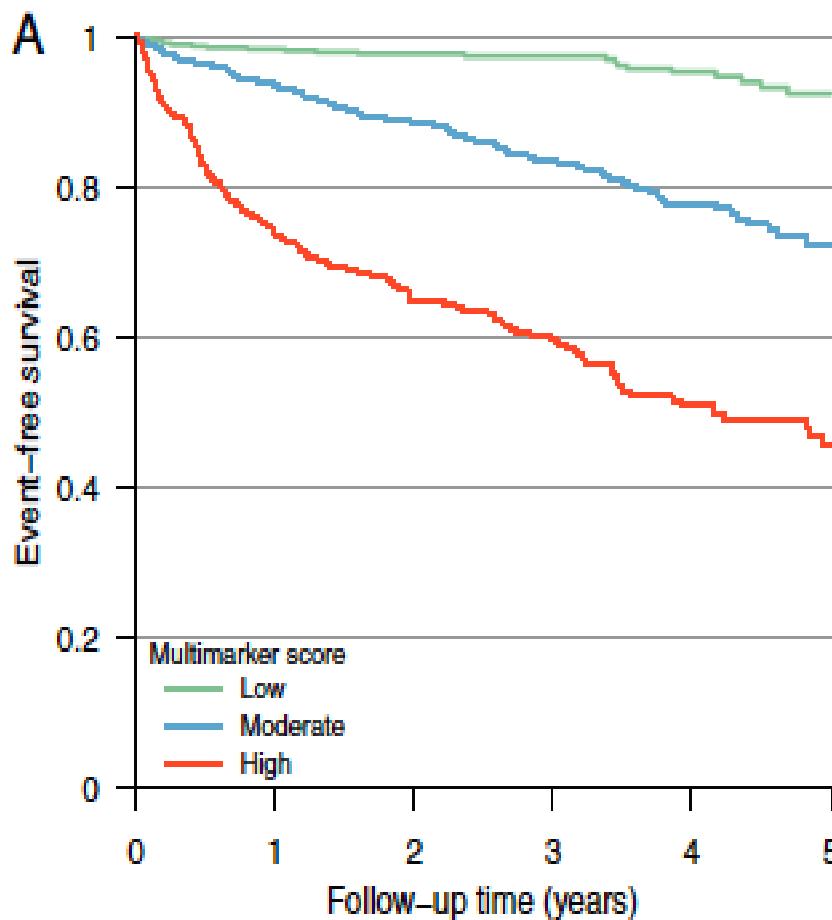


Palliative Care in Heart Failure

Heart Failure ECHO Clinic
Virtual Heart Failure Consultation and
Education

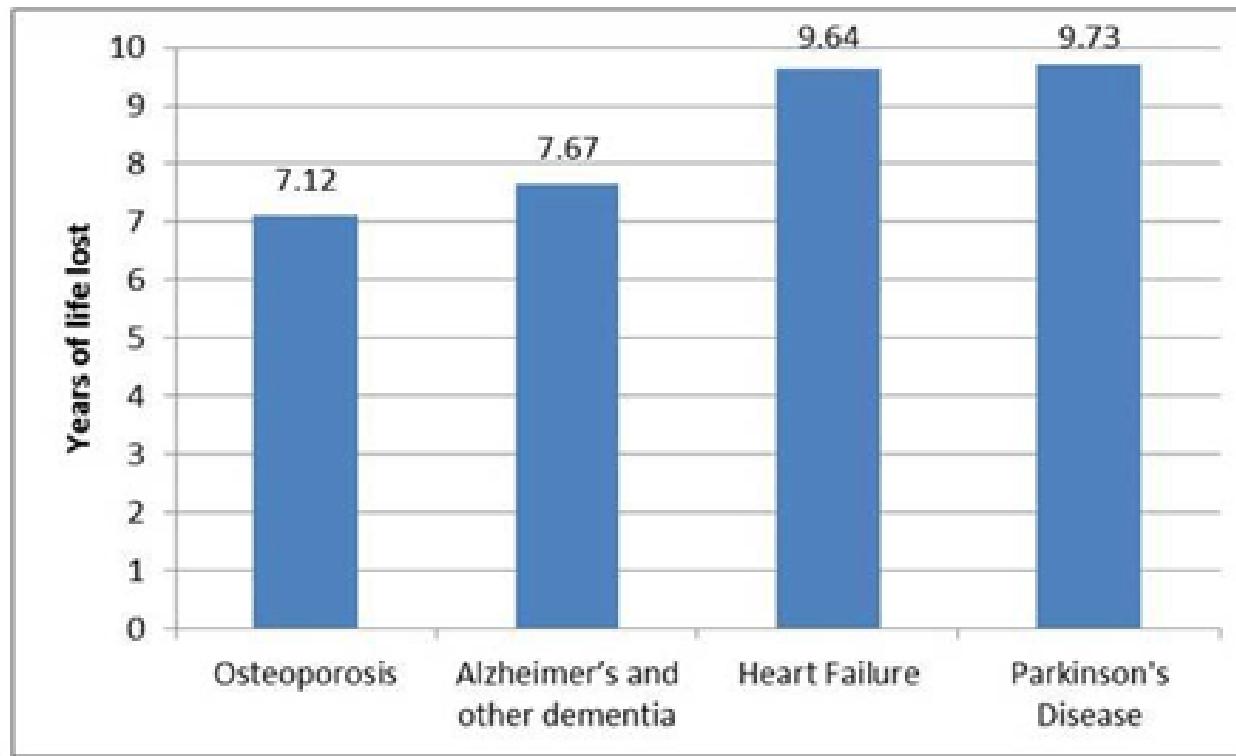


Chronic disease vs Terminal Illness

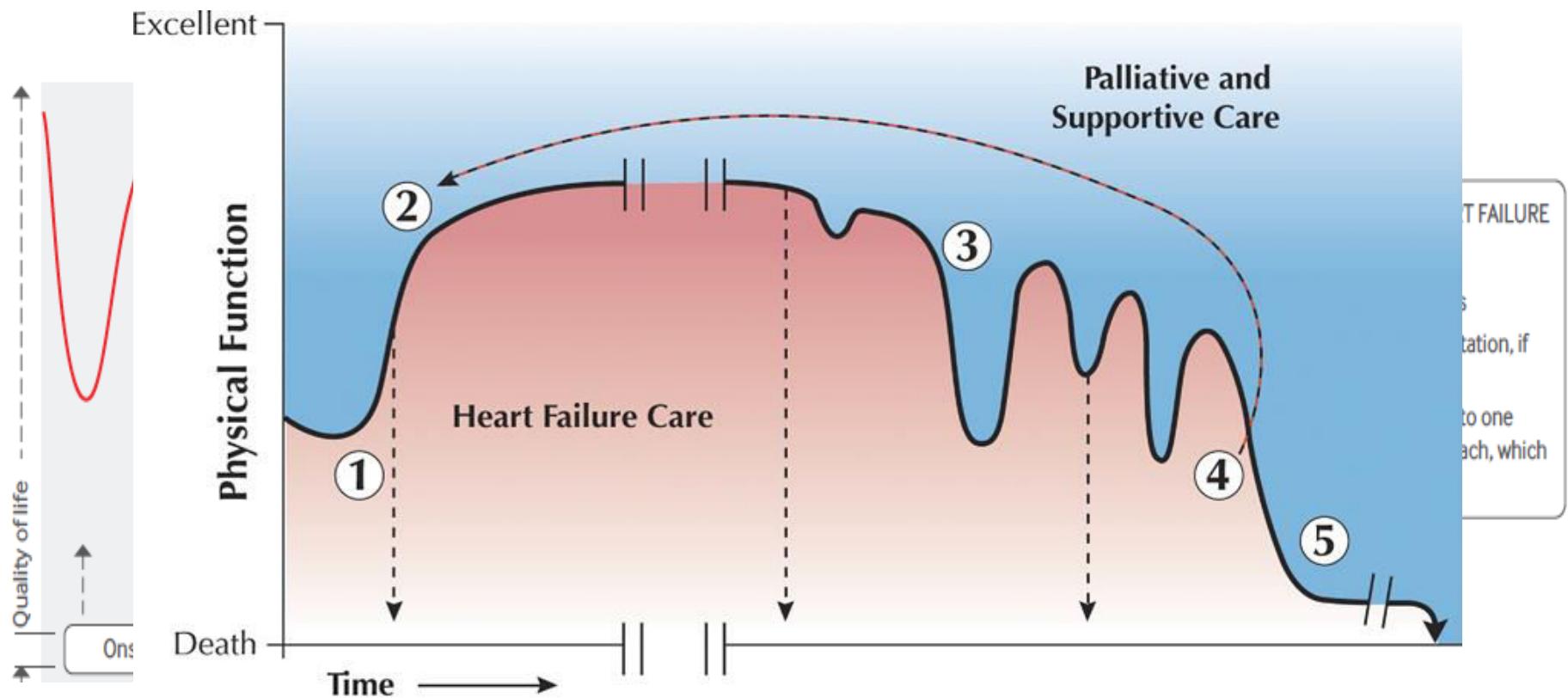


Heart Failure and Shortened Life Expectancy

Figure: Year of life lost across different disease conditions



Heart Failure Life Cycle



Usual path to end of life in Ireland

- Risk of death is raised on diagnosis, consideration for ICD
- Excellent collaborative care in HF clinic and with primary care
 - **talk of death not raised**
- Between hospitalizations many lead full, relatively symptom free lives
- Death next discussed at terminal hospitalization, often hours before death
 - **urgent palliative care consult is sent**
- Clinical team often make assumptions on patient preferences

Issues in Palliative Care

- Morbidity burden usually what prompts referral
 - Hospitalisation only improves symptoms in 35-40% (Ward, 2002)
 - Only 4% of patients dying of CHF get palliative care (40% in cancer pts) (Gibbs, 2002)
 - Resuscitation difficult issue
 - DNR written on 5% (47% in Cancer)
 - DNR wanted by patient in 23% (40% later changed minds) (Gibbs 2002)

Recognition of palliative stage

- Frequent admission to hospital or other serious episodes of decompensation despite optimized treatment
- Heart transplantation and mechanical circulatory support ruled out
- Chronic poor quality of life with NYHA class IV symptoms
- Cardiac cachexia/low serum albumin
- Dependence in most activities of daily living
- Clinically judged to be close to the end of life

What we do...

- Disease modifying therapy: (ACEi, BB, MRA)
 - Continue as tolerated
 - Pull back if hypotension, renal insufficiency, side effects
- Diuretics:
 - Continue, symptom relief
 - Loop most effective, thiazide 30 min before, nitrates nocturnal symptoms
- Devices: Plan ahead!
 - Disable ICD's
 - 73% of pts - no discussion turning off ICD before last hours of life (Goldstein, 2004)
 - 8% of patients receive shocks in the minutes before death (Goldstein, 2004)
 - Leave pacemaker/CRT functioning
- Palliative care: opiates for pain, consult palliative team earlier than later

Summary

- * Important to emphasize the remarkable change in outlook for HF patients and not overdo the palliative role
- * However, must not delay the introduction of palliative care beyond the appropriate time
- * Lack of widely available palliative care resources a problem but we can collectively still do a good job